# PREPARING AND PROCESSING TOMATOES AND TOMATO PRODUCTS

(Source: USDA, 2009)

TYPE OR PRODUCT	PREPARATION	SIZE of JARS	PRESSURE CANNER 3001'-6000' (minutes)	BOILING WATER CANNER at 3001'-6000' (minutes)
CRUSHED (Packed hot without	Prepare tomatoes as directed (NOTE 1). Trim off any bruised or discolored portions and cut into quarters. Heat one-sixth of the quarters quickly in a large pot, crushing them with a wooden spoon as	Pint	20 min @ 8 lbs	45
added liquid)	add remaining quartered tomatoes, stirring constantly. (Crushing is not necessary for these.) Boil gently 5 minutes after adding all tomatoes. Add acid (see NOTE 2 below) and, if desired, add salt (½ teaspoon per pint; 1 teaspoon per quart) directly to jars. Fill jars immediately with hot tomatoes, leaving ½ inch	Quart	15 min @ 13 lbs	55
				8
WHOLE OR HALVED	Prepare tomatoes as directed (NOTE 1). Leave whole or halve. Add acid (See NOTE 2 below) directly	Pint	15 min @ 81bs	50
(Raw packed in water)	to each jar. Add 1 tsp of salt to each quart jar if desired. Fill jars with raw, pecied tomatoes. Cover with hot water, leaving ½ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	Quart	10 min @ 13 lbs	55
WHOLE OR HALVED	Prepare tomatoes (NOTE 1) and heat tomato juice in a saucepan.	Pint	40 min @ 8lbs	95
(Raw packed in tomato juice)	Add acid (See NOTE 2 below) directly to each jar. Add 1 tsp of sait per quart to the jars it desired. Fitt jars with raw tomatoes and cover with hot tomato juice, leaving ½ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	Quart	25 min @ 13 lbs	95
WHOLE OR HALVED	Prepare tomatoes as directed (NOTE 1). Leave whole or halved. Add acid (see NOTE 2 below) directly	Pint	40 min @ 81bs	95
(Raw packed without added liquid)	to each jar. Add 1 tsp of salt per quart to the jars, it desired. Loosely fill jars with raw tomatoes, pressing down until spaces fill with juice. Leave ½ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	Quart	25 min @ 13 lbs	95

## NOTE 1:

Select firm, under ripe to ripe tomatoes. Use of decayed or overripe tomatoes may result in spoilage of canned products. Do not can tomatoes from dead or frost-killed vines. Remove skins by dipping in boiling water for 30-60 seconds or until skins split. Dip in cold water, then slip off skins and remove cores.

100 E. Center St. L600

# NOTE 2.

ACIDIFICATION PER QUART:
1/2 teaspoon citric acid OR
2 Tablespoons bottled lemon juice OR
1/4 cup vinegar



100 E. Center St. L600 Provo, UT 84606 Phone: 801-851-8460

Fax: 801-343-8463

http://extension.usu.edu/utah

# PREPARING AND PROCESSING TOMATOES AND TOMATO PRODUCTS (Continued)

1	E E		
TOMATO SAUCE	ABLE	TOMATO JUICE	TYPE OR PRODUCT
Prepare and press as for making tomato juice. Simmer in large-diameter saucepan until sauce reaches desired consistency. Boil until volume is reduced by about one-third for thin sauce, or by one-half for thick sauce. Add acid (see NOTE 2 below) directly to each jar. Add 1 tsp of salt to each jar if desired. Fill jars, leaving 1/4-inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	Crush and simmer tomatoes as for making tomato juice. Add no more than 3 cups of any combination of finely chopped celery, onions, carrots, and peppers for each 22 pounds of tomatoes. Simmer mixture 20 minutes. Press hot cooked tomatoes and vegetables through a sieve or food mill to remove skins and seeds. Add acid (see NOTE 2 below) directly to each jar. Add 1 tsp of salt per quart to the jars, if desired. Reheat tomato-vegetable juice blend to boiling and fill immediately into jars, leaving ½ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	Wash, remove stems, and trim off bruised or discolored portions. To prevent juice from separating, quickly cut about I pound of tomatoes into quarters and put directly into the saucepan. Heat immediately to boiling while crushing. Continue to slowly add and crush freshly cut tomato quarters to the boiling mixture. (Make sure the mixture boils constantly and vigorously while you add the remaining tomatoes.) Simmer 5 minutes after adding all pieces. If you are not concerned about juice separation, simply slice or quarter tomatoes into a large saucepan. Crush, heat, and simmer for 5 minute before juicing. Press both types of heated crushed tomatoes through a sieve or food mill to remove skins and seeds. Add acid (See NOTE 2 below) directly to each jar. Heat juice again to boiling. Add I tsp of salt to each quart jar if desired. Fill jars with hot juice, leaving ½ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.	PREPARATION
Pint Quart	Pint Quart	Pint Quart	SIZE of JARS
20 min @ 8lbs 15 min @ 13 lbs	20 min @ 8lbs 15 min @ 13 lbs	20 min @ 8lbs 15 min @ 13 lbs	PRESSURE CANNER 3001'-6000' (minutes)
45	45	45	BOILING WATER CANNER at 3001'-6000' (minutes)

### NOTE 1:

Select firm, under ripe to ripe tomatoes. Use of decayed or overripe tomatoes may result in spoilage of canned products. Do not can tomatoes from dead or frost-killed vines. Remove skins by dipping in boiling water for 30-60 seconds or until skins split. Dip in cold water, then slip off skins and remove cores.

# NOTE 2.

ACIDIFICATION PER QUART: 1/2 teaspoon citric acid OR

2 Tablespoons bottled lemon juice OR

1/4 cup vinegar



100 E. Center St. L600 Provo, UT 84606

Phone: 801-851-8460 Fax: 801-343-8463

http://extension.usu.edu/utah